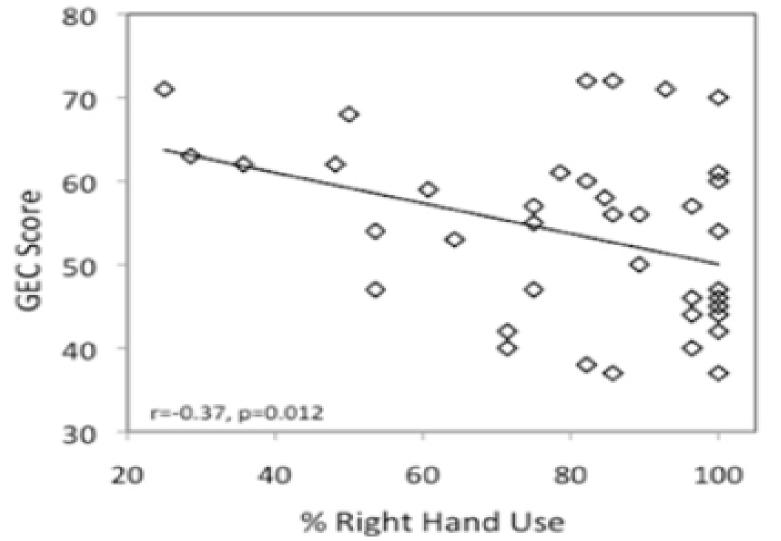


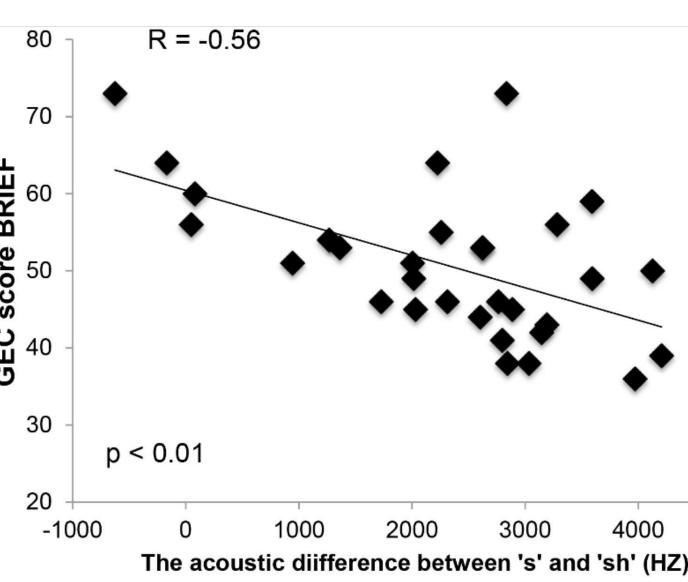
Introduction

What we know:

 Social development in children is related to executive function (EF: a group of processes which inform and adapts goal directed behaviour, including emotional decision making) [1,2].



- Speech development (better differentiation between speech sounds) is significantly related to better executive function (a lower GEC score) in preschool children[4].
- Increased right hand use is significantly associated with better executive function (a lower GEC score) in preschool children [3].



What we DO NOT know:

- If right-hand use is related to measures of social competence in preschool children.
- If there are relationships in table-top measures of language, EF, and social competence (not exclusive to parent-reported questionnaires, such as the EF GEC measure)

Research Question

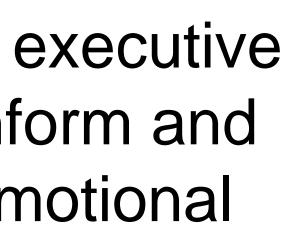
Is there a demonstrable relationship between interactive measures of lateralized hand use, language, executive function, and **social** competence?

Nethods

Participants:

24 preschoolers (15 females, mean age: 4.12 (0.76) years)

Grasping Development: How right hand use relates to measures of motor, cognitive, and social development in preschool children Nicole van Rootselaar, Jeffery McCormack, Robbin Gibb, Fangfang Li, Claudia L.R. Gonzalez The Brain in Action Laboratory, Department of Kinesiology & Department of Neurosceince. University of Lethbridge, Lethbridge, AB, Canada

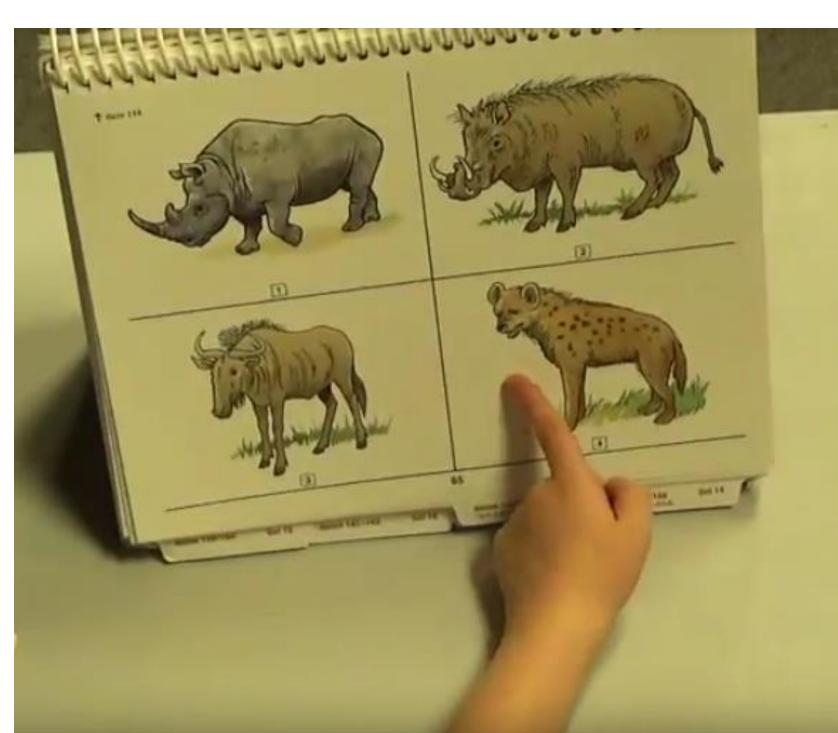


Right Hand Use:

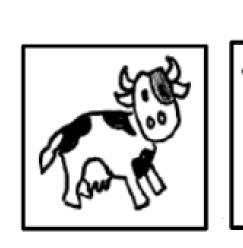
Right hand use was calculated based on the percent points a child used their right hand to point to an image during the PPVT-IV (Peabody Picture Vocabulary Task).

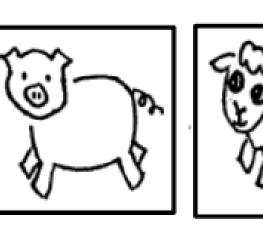
Language Measure:

Score from the PPVT-IV (Peabody Picture Vocabulary Test). Children select one image which matches the word pronounced by the experimenter. Children continued to pass levels (sets of 12 pages) until selecting 75% incorrect images in a single level. The total number correct is the child's raw vocabulary score.



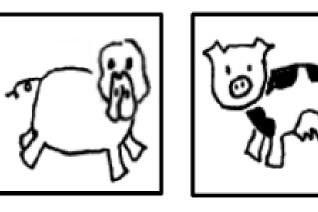
Normal Animals:





Mismatched Animals:

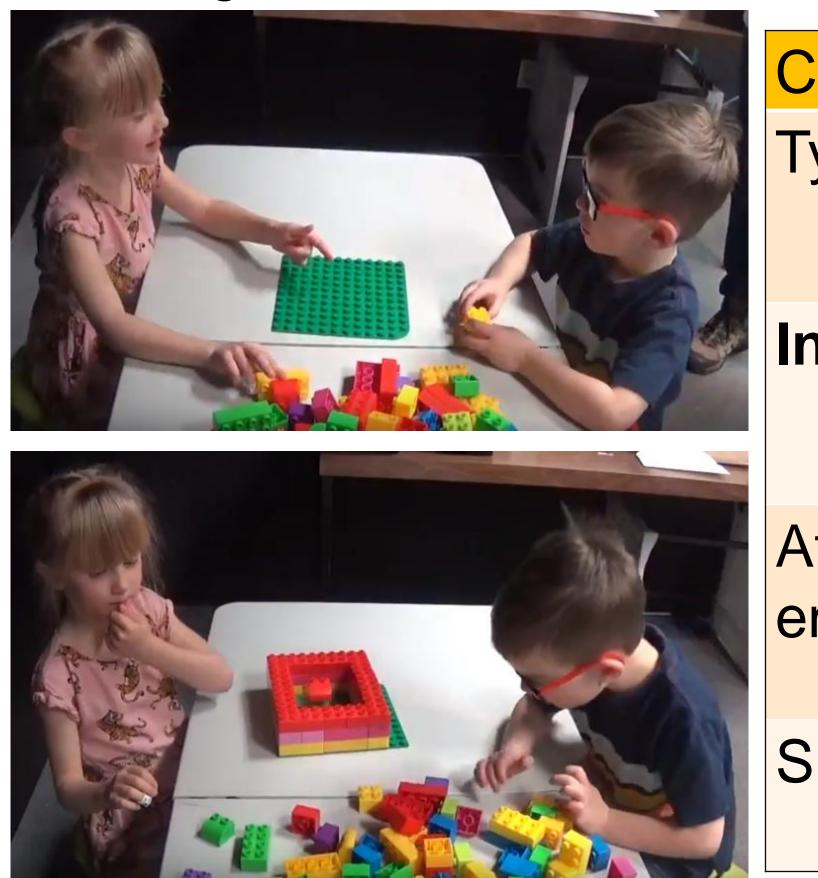




Children completed an age-appropriate version of the Stroop Task, known as Animal Stroop. First, the child completes a trial and names animals that appear on the cards. In the inhibition task, the child is shown animals with mismatched heads and bodies, and asked to name only the body of the animal.

Social Measure:

Interactive Play. We provided children with blocks and instructed them to build together for five minutes. After, they were scored according to the below criteria. Social Scoring:

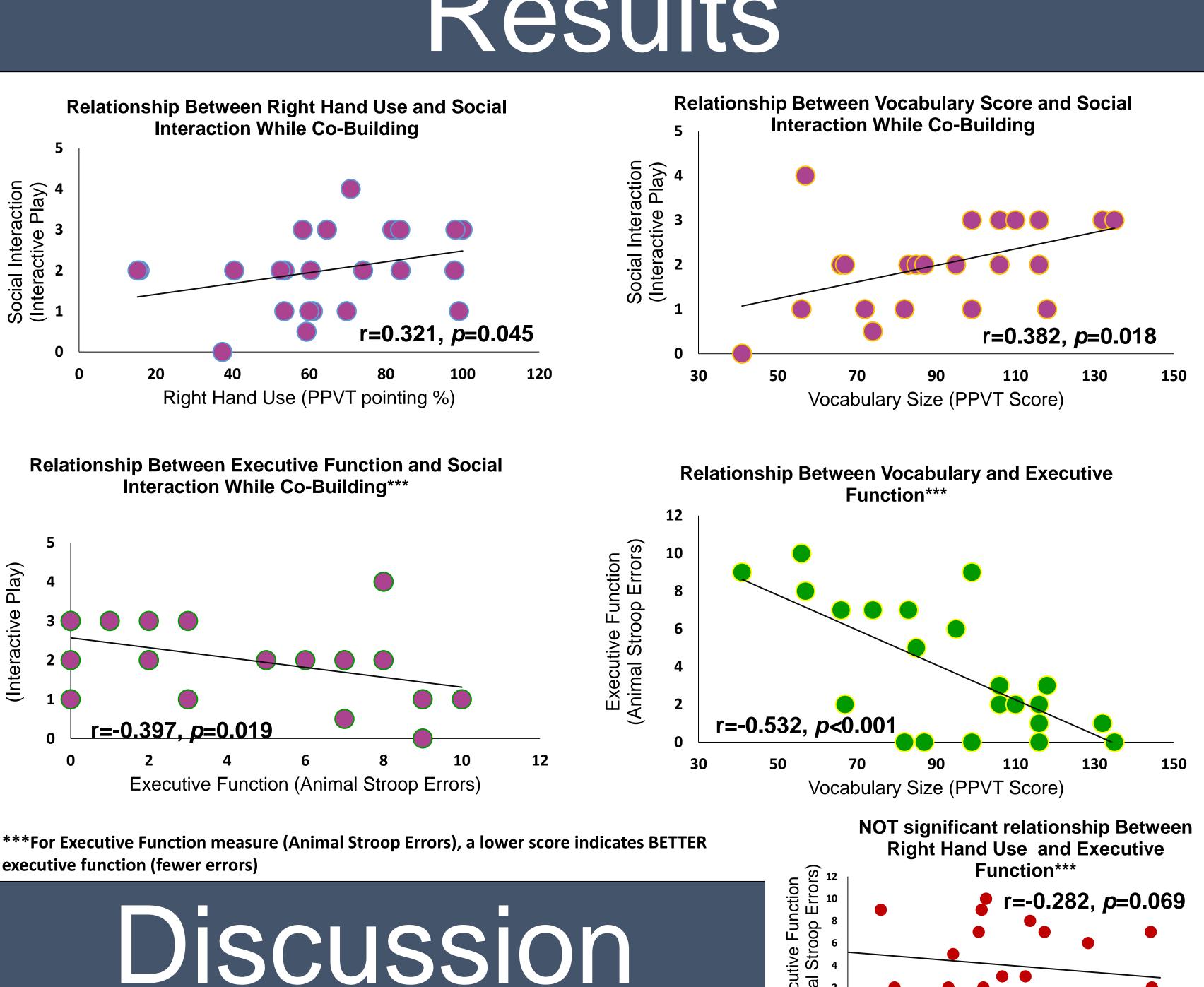


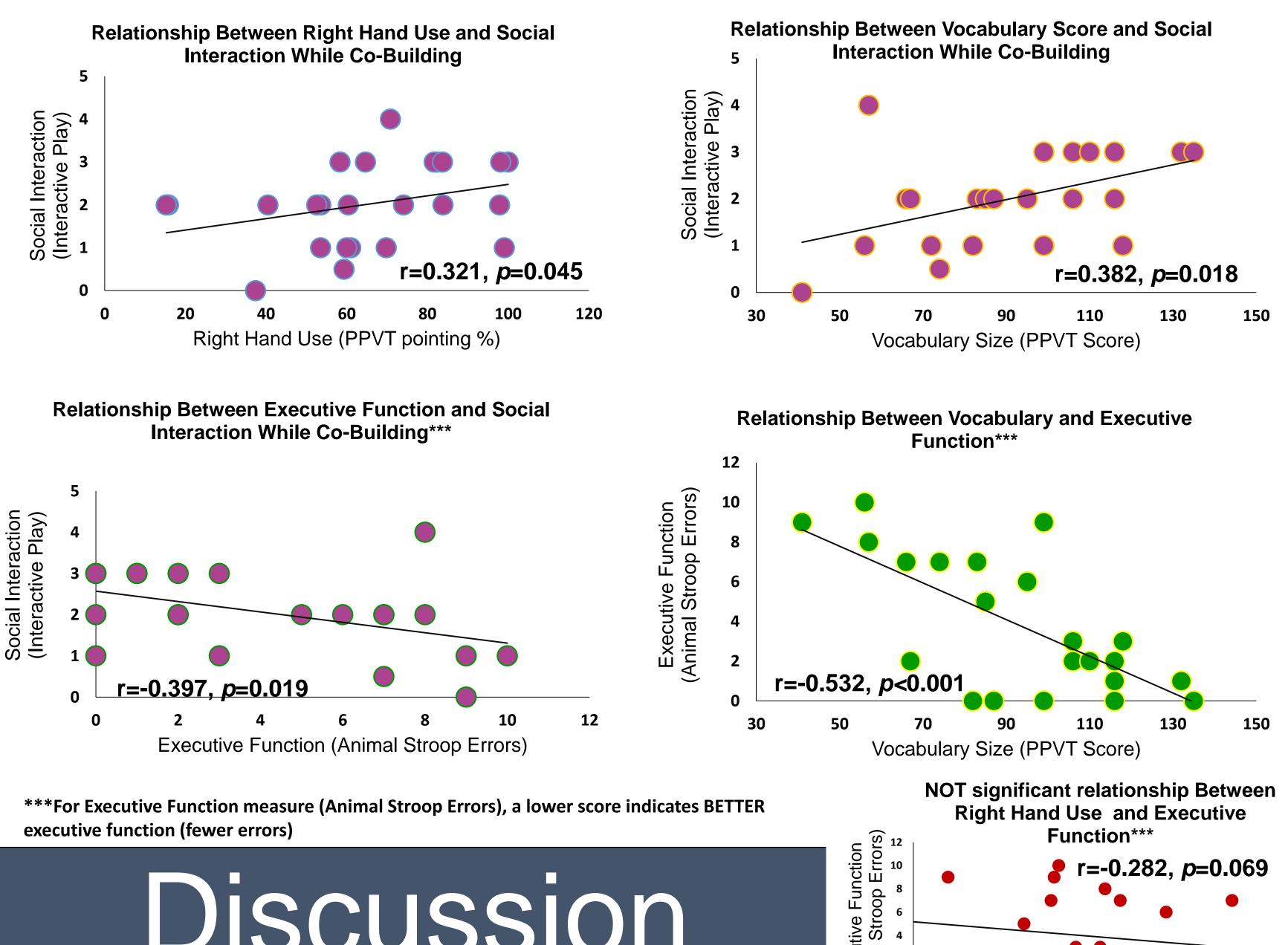
PPVT sample page:

Executive Function Measure:

ategory	Criteria
/pe of play	 Parallel play Associative play Cooperative play
teraction	 Focused on toy Adult directed bids Child directed bids
fect/	1.Neutral
ngagement	 Some enjoyment Positive affect

Sum of categories: **Social competence score**





Future Directions

- young children

term. *Early human development*, *90*(6), 299-306. DOI:10.1016/bs.pbr.2018.06.011



Results

The children demonstrated a relationship

between measures of language, executive function, and social competence. This finding supports results from previous studies, and indicates these skills are interlaced. Lateralized hand use for pointing significantly correlated with social interaction. It did not significantly relate to any other variables, but was approaching significance with executive function. It is possible that communicative pointing interacts differently with executive function and language compared to grasping to eat or build, as found in previous studies.

Examine right-hand motor training as an avenue for simultaneously training and improving social skills in

 Compare different forms of lateralized hand use (pointing, grasp-to-place, grasp-to-eat) and their relationship with higher-level cognitive functions (social and executive functions) to better understand the role of right-handed action in child development

1.Alduncin, N., Huffman, L. C., Feldman, H. M., & Loe, I. M. (2014). Executive function is associated with social competence in preschool-aged children born preterm or full

2.Gonzalez, C. L. R., van Rootselaar, N. A., & Gibb, R. L. (2018). Sensorimotor lateralization scaffolds cognitive specialization. Progress in brain research, 238, 405.

3.Gonzalez, C. L., Mills, K. J., Genee, I., Li, F., Piquette, N., Rosen, N., & Gibb, R. (2014). Getting the right grasp on executive function. Frontiers in psychology, 5, 285.