Analogy Questions can be Solved with Addition and Subtraction of fMRI Patterns

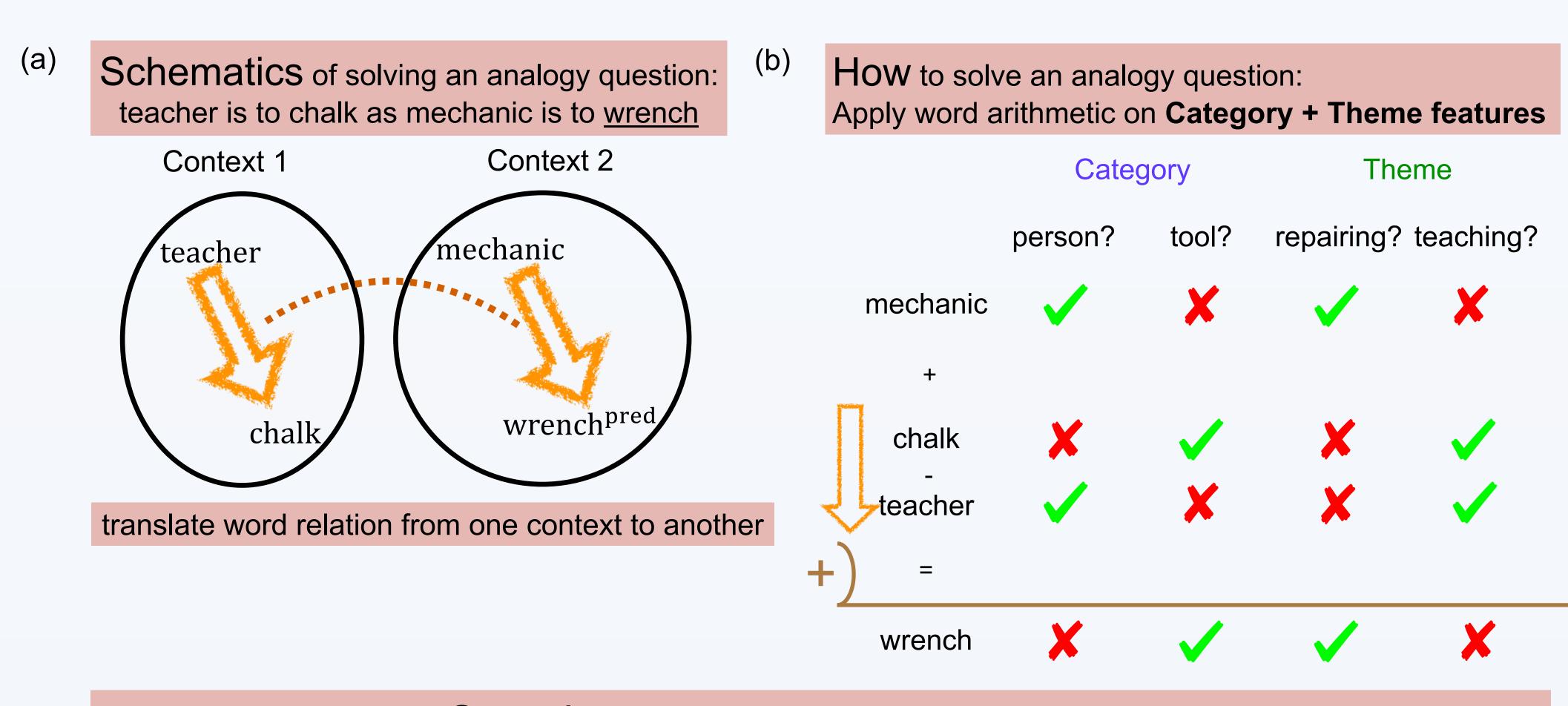
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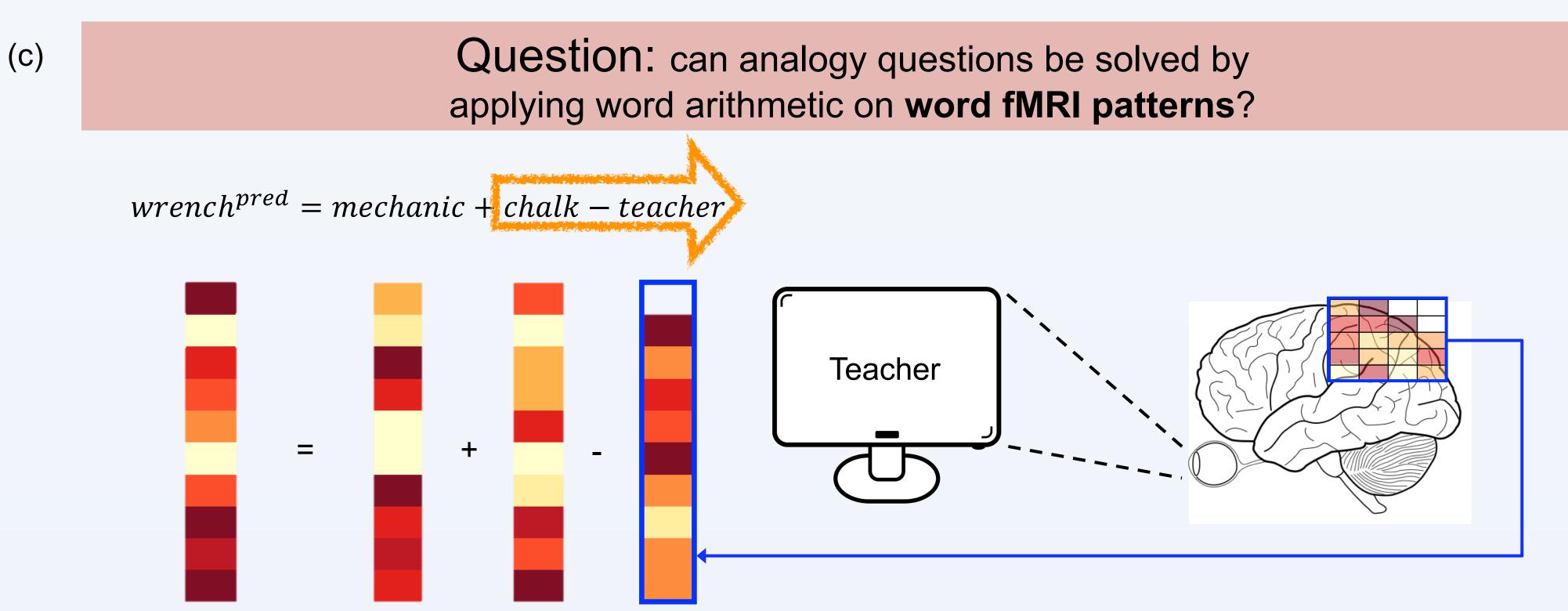
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<u>Introduction</u>

- Analogical Reasoning is critical in our daily lives.
- However, how the human brain achieves such processes remains unclear.
- Computational models of word meaning (e.g., word2vec) solve analogical problems using word arithmetic.
- Are words represented in the brain in way that could enable analogical problems to be solved with similar arithmetic?
- Question 1: Can analogy questions be solved by adding and subtracting word fMRI patterns?
- Question 2: Can analogy questions be solved using word arithmetic within individual brain regions?



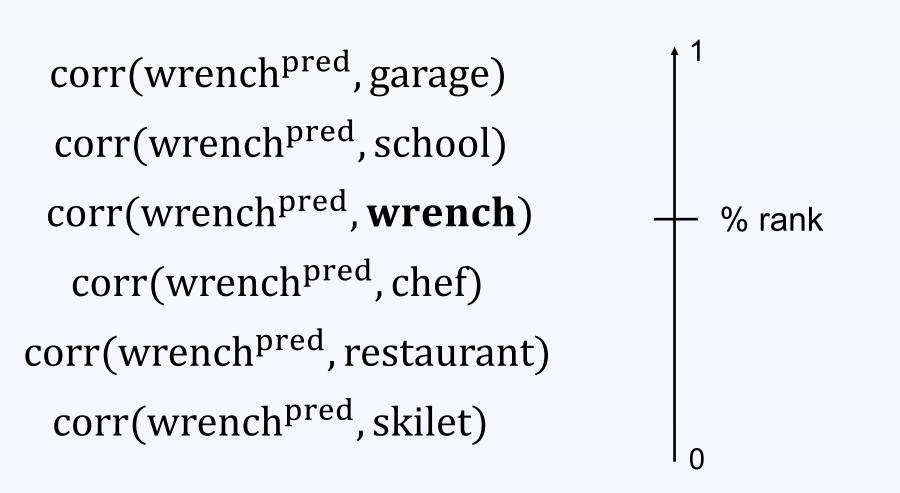


- To solve the *above* analogy questions, it is necessary to integrate BOTH categorical information (person/tool) and thematic information (teaching/repairing).
- Some studies suggested that categorical and thematic information (Schwartz et al., 2011; Kalénine et al., 2009) is anatomically partitioned in the brain, represented in Anterior Temporal and Inferior Parietal regions respectively
- Other studies suggest that categorical and thematic information can also be represented within the same brain region (Anderson et al. 2014; Xu et al., 2018).
- If categorical and thematic information are anatomically partitioned then analogical problem solving will not be
 possible within the same brain region.

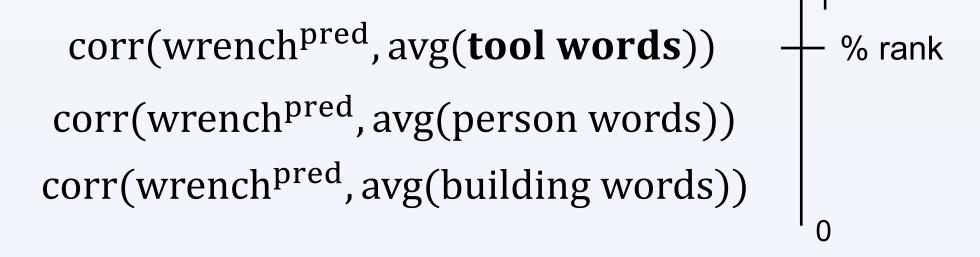
1. Angular & Supramarginal Gyrus (IPL) 2. Inferior & Middle Temporal Gyrus (ITG & MTG) 3. Fusiform & Parahippocampal Gyrus (PHG) 4. Precuneus & Posterior Cingulate Cortex (PCC) 5. Anterior Temporal Lobe (ATL) 6. Inferior Frontal Gyrus (IFG) 7. Dorsomedial Prefrontal Cortex (dmPFC) 8. Ventromedial Prefrontal Cortex (vmPFC)

- 1. ROI selection: language ROIs from Binder et al., 2009
- 2. Voxel selection: for each ROI, select 100 voxels most consistently activated across runs
- 3. 3 Ranking Metrics

Predict-identity: Is it a wrench?



Predict-category: Is it a tool?



Predict-theme: Does it appear in a repairing theme?

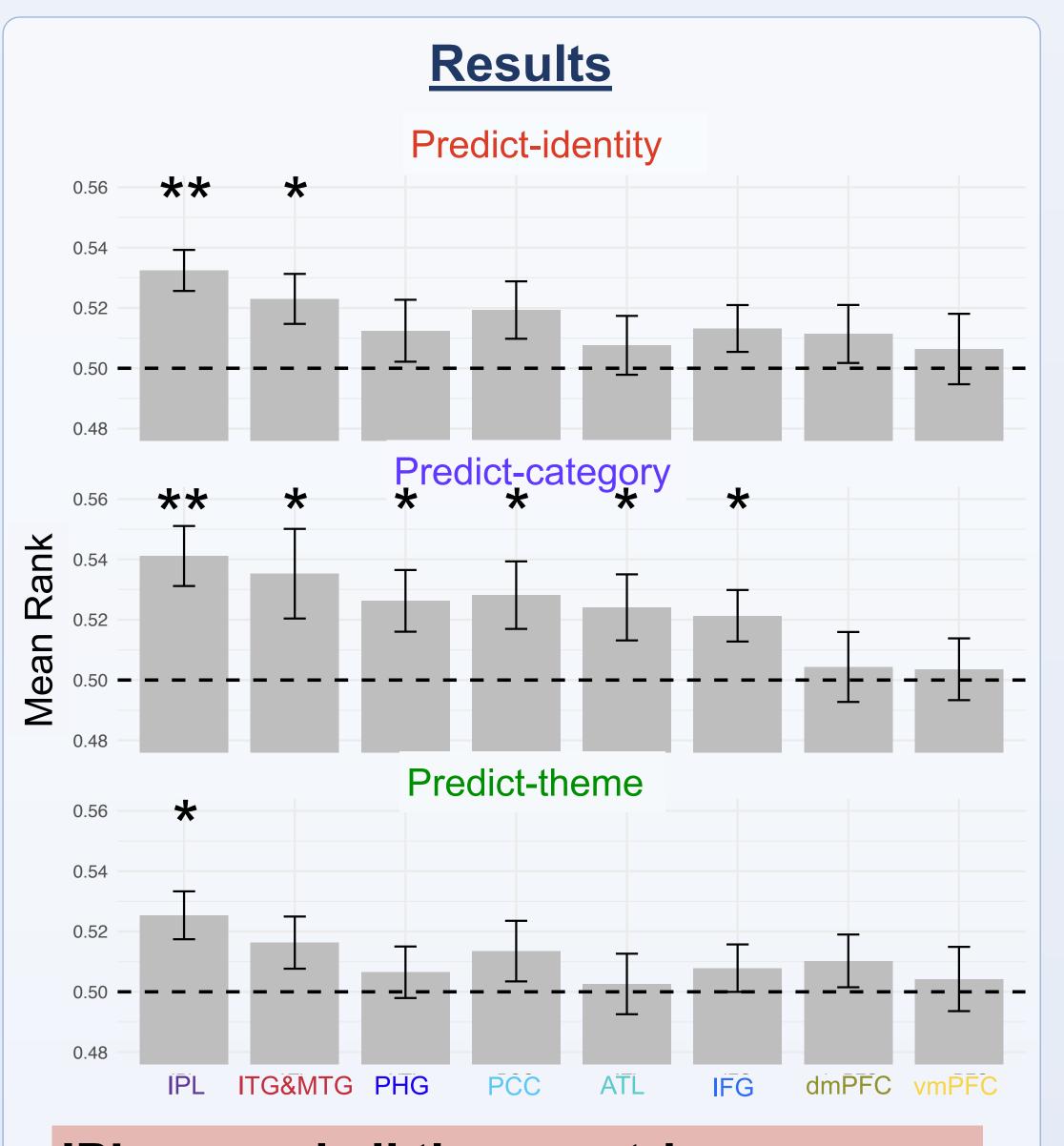


3 Categories

(b)

15 Themes		Person	Tool	Building
	Teach	teacher	chalk	school
	Repair	mechanic	wrench	garage
	Cooking	chef	skillet	restaurant

Word stimuli were organized into categories and themes



IPL passed all three metrics.

The human brain can locally solve analogy questions with word arithmetic.

Conclusion

- Analogy questions can be solved by adding and subtracting word fMRI patterns. (Q1:
- Category was significantly predicted in 6/8 brain regions, while theme was predicted in 1/8.
- Word identity, category and theme were all predicted in Inferior Parietal Lobule (IPL), suggesting that the brain could locally solve analogical problems using word arithmetic within this region (Q2: ✓)
- This study contributes toward understanding how the human brain represents words, and leads to predictions for future work on which regions will be engaged in actual analogical reasoning, and what information may be compromised by brain lesions.

References

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