Acoustically driven cortical delta oscillations underpin perceptual chunking

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Introduction | Background

Oscillation-based models of speech perception postulate that decoding is guided by a cascade of oscillators. Based on behavioral data (Ghitza, 2017) it was proposed that phrasal chunking is derived by an oscillator in the delta range (0.5–2 Hz). Thereby, intelligibility is impaired when the ability of this oscillator to synchronize to the chunking structure is impaired.

Here we describe an MEG study, which addresses the following questions:

(i) does chunk intelligibility correlate with the presence of delta brain waves?

(ii) is the brain delta activity acoustic- or top-down driven?

(iii) where are the delta sources located?

Results | MEG



Fig. 4 Cortical regions of interest (ROIs). The AAL Atlas was used to define ROIs in left and right auditory cortex (STG), the ventral (MTG) and the dorsal (IFG, PC, SMG) auditory stream. V1 was used as control ROI.



Fig.5 Delta periodicities for Correct responses in the left hemisphere. The periodicity PDFs are displayed (Rows: regions of interest, ROIs; columns: chunking conditions). Legend: total number of data points; P, percentage datapoints inside the frequency range, mean μ , variance σ of prominent Gaussian component. The results show:

1.8Hz condition: strong periodicities at 1.8 Hz chunk rate 2.6Hz condition: weaker periodicities at 2.6Hz chunk rate **No-chunk condition:** no periodicities

Paradigm



Fig. 1 Paradigm. Chunking patterns and rates for a 10-digit sequence. Chunks digitized as 2-digit unit. Chunk acoustics are equal in the 2.6Hz and 1.8Hz condition. The chunk rate is generated by inserting gaps.

2.6Hz condition: chunk rate "outside" of the delta range

1.8Hz condition: chunk rate inside of the delta range

No-chunk condition: No acoustic chunking cues, top-down instructions (demi-chunking: telling participants that they always hear 2-digit chunks)

- Participants (N =19)

- Instructions: Listen to sequences of chunks of 2 digits (top-down cue). After each sequence a 2-digit target is presented. Participants indicate whether the target was present in the sequence.

Left Hemisphere Correct Responses Periodicities in All Chunking Conditions







Discussion

- MEG support for Ghitza (2017): digit chunk recognition is improved for chunk rates in the delta frequency range compared to faster chunk rates.
- Strong periodicities were elicited by acoustic-driven chunk rates inside of delta in superior and middle temporal and speech-motor integration areas
- Top-down grouping not strong enough to elicit delta periodicities
- Ventral and dorsal stream show distinct periodicity patterns
- Phrasal chunking correlated with acoustic-driven oscillations
- \rightarrow Cortical computational principle at the phrasal level

