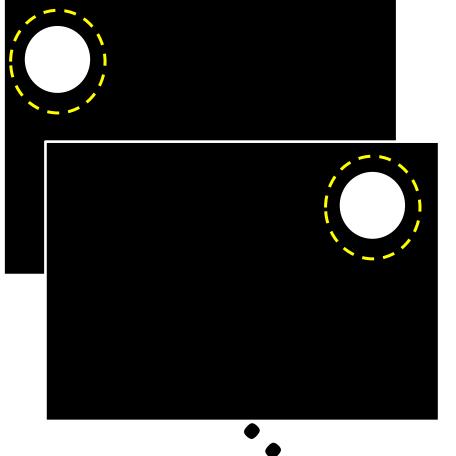


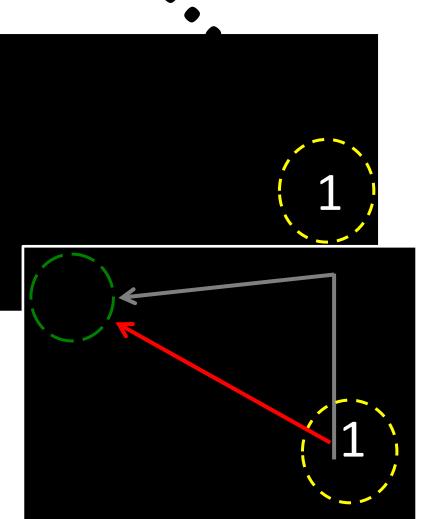
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Background

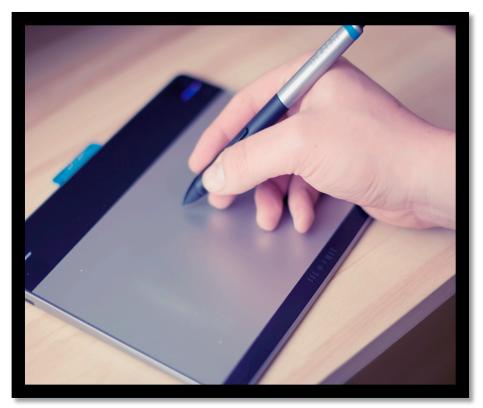
- Path Integration (PI): Ability to track current position relative to the starting point in a route
- Grid cells in the entorhinal cortex (ERC) support PI and in older adults, reduced grid cell representations are associated with greater PI errors^{2,3}
- Activity in the ERC is modulated by running direction in navigable space and by direction \checkmark of eye movements in visual space⁴⁻⁶
- This suggests that the ERC performs similar computation on a variety of inputs (perceived body and eye mover

Are processes comparable to path integration update eye and hand position after movem





Methods





Tablet Task

Eye-trad

- Younger (n=23) & older adult completed manual tablet and tracking tasks in which they routes guided by auditory or cues, respectively. The eyes w during the tablet task
- At the end of a route, a cue (e prompted participants to revi previous location in the route

2 blocks:

- 1. Home-location block: Prompted to return to the star on each trial; i.e., only homing trials
- 2. Any-location block: Prompted to return to one of the presented on the route, except for the final location

Note: For subsequent analyses, only homing trials from blocks were used

Latency: Time required to initiate movement after test **Revisits**: Number of mid-route locations revisited en ro starting point of the route

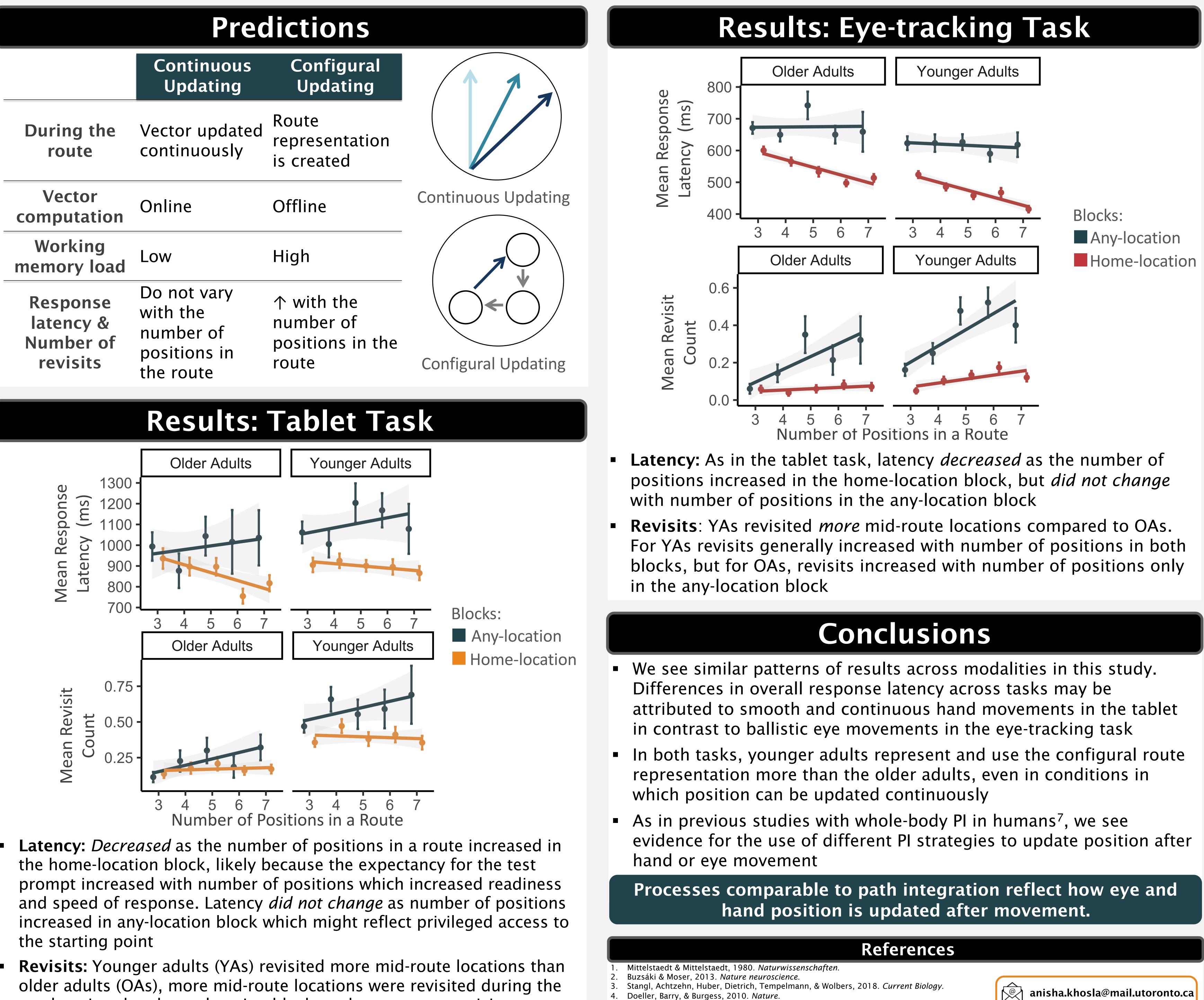
Latency and Revisits were modeled as a function of age group, block, and the number of positions in a route

Path Integration using Eye and Hand Movements in Younger and Older Adults

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		Prec	lictio
		Continuous Updating	Confi Upda
	During the route	Vector updated continuously	Route represe is create
	Vector computation	Online	Offline
mputations	Working memory load	Low	High
novements) tion used to vement?	Response latency & Number of revisits	Do not vary with the number of positions in the route	个 with number positior route
		Results:	Tabl
xe-tracking Task adults (n=14) t and eye- they followed ry or visual eyes were closed	1300 1200 1200 1000 1000 900 800 700	Older Adults	
cue (ex.1) o revisit a route	0.75 Wean Revisit 0.50 0.25		
e starting point		3 4 5 6 7 Number of P	ositions i
of the locations cation from both r test prompt l en route to the	prompt increas and speed of re	<i>ased</i> as the number of a sed with number of a sed with number of a sponse. Latency by-location block with the sponse sector block with the sector block w	per of po because t of positic <i>did not c</i> which mi

any-location than home-location block, and on average, revisits increased with the number of positions in a route



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