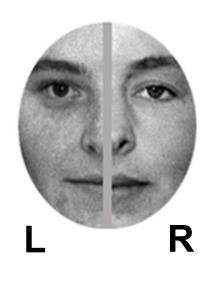


Serial processing of multiple identities in single (chimeric) faces Matthew Harrison (<u>mt.harrison@gmail.com</u>) and Lars Strother University of Nevada, Reno

Background

Face recognition is associated with holistic/integrative visual processing in the right hemisphere [1], and a corresponding LVF bias [2, 3].



LVF bias may reflect selection of LVF half for representation, or greater weighting of LVF half during integration.

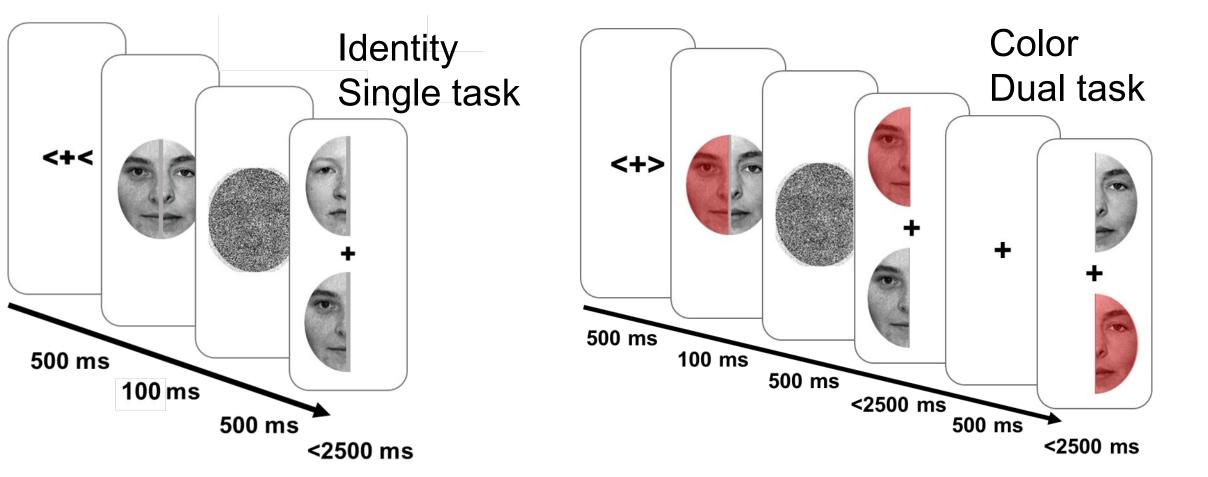


We previously hypothesized that the LVF bias reflects attentional selection of LVF face identity information [3].

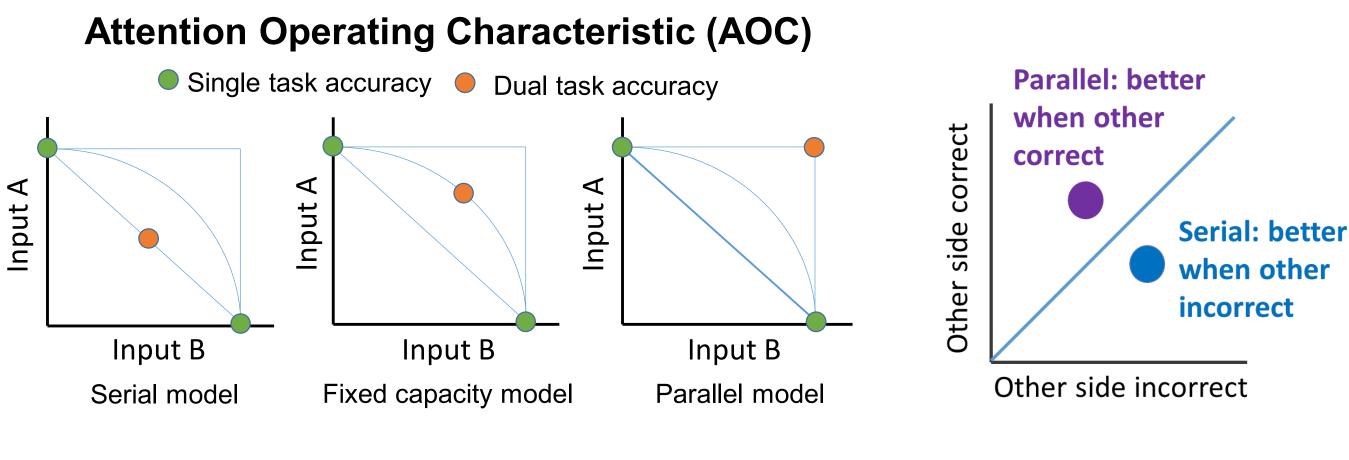
We tested whether or not the LVF bias reflects preferential selection of the left half of the face at the expense of the right half.

Experiment 1

We measured cued (single task) and uncued (dual task) accuracy for chimeric faces using a 2AFC identity or color matching task.



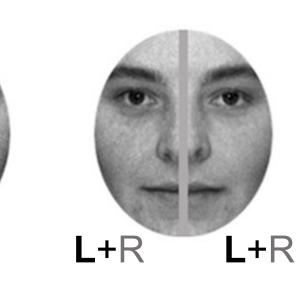
We predicted serial processing of identity and parallel processing of color [4]. Single task and dual task accuracy was plotted on an attention operating characteristic (AOC) plot, and compared to three capacity models.

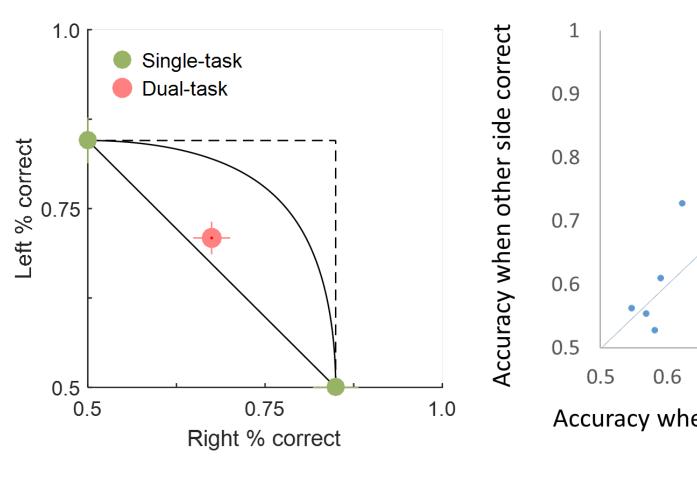


Model assumptions were tested by plotting dual task accuracy when the other response was correct to trials when the other response is incorrect (above right).

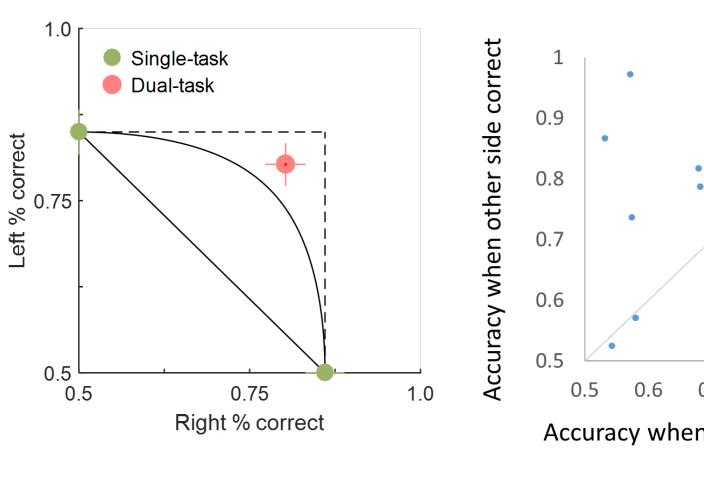
Experiment 1 (cont.)





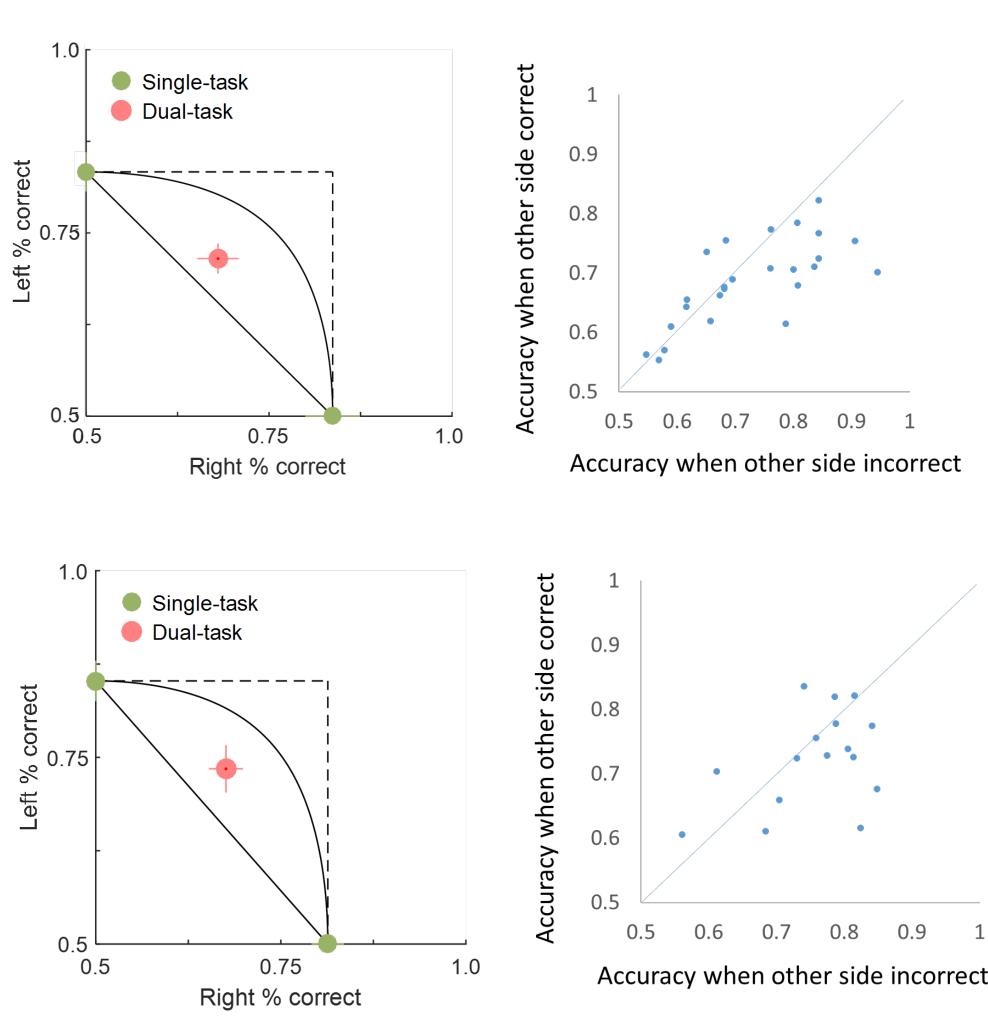


Chimeric face identities are processed serially: if you perceive one identity you do not perceive the other. LVF bias occurs in dual task only (due to competition?) Parallel processing of color (below)

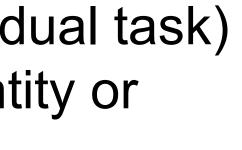


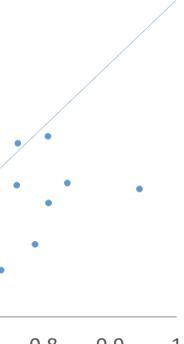
Experiment 2

We hypothesized that chimeric half-face identities are <u>not</u> integrated into a unified whole, but are processed like whole faces.



- Serial selection for whole face and half face identity.
- LVF bias for whole faces is independent of competition. •
- LVF bias for half faces only occurs when identities compete for selection (unlike whole faces).





Accuracy when other side incorrec

Half face identity

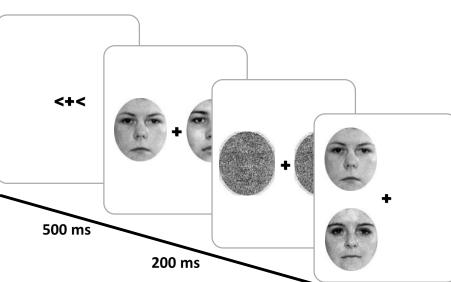
Model fit: Serial Accuracy other side incorrect > accuracy other side correct t(15) = 2.29, p = .04Dual task: LVF bias LVF > RVF, *t*(15) = 2.59, *p* = .02 Single task: No bias LVF > RVF, *t*(15) = .002, *p* = .99



Half face color

Model fit: Parallel Accuracy other side correct > accuracy other side incorrect t(15) = 2.19, p = .04Dual task: No bias LVF > RVF, *t*(15) = .74, *p* = .47 Single task: No bias LVF > RVF, *t*(15) = .79, *p* = .44

Accuracy when other side incorrect



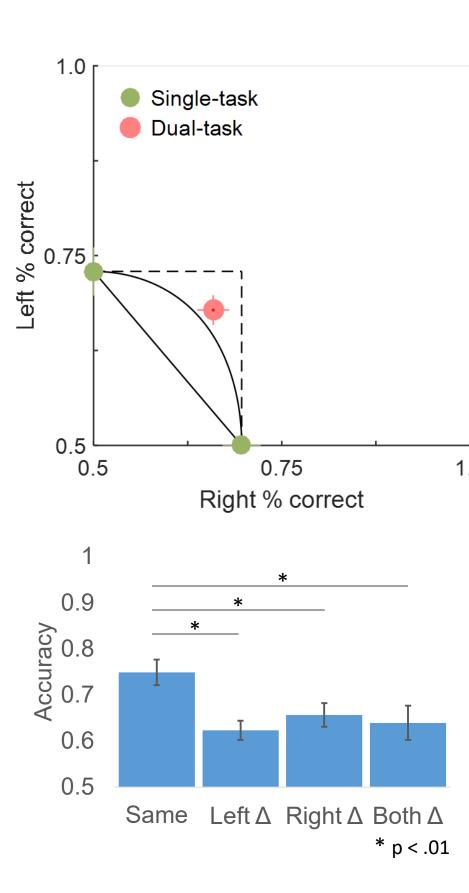
Half face Model fit: Serial Accuracy other side incorrect > accuracy other side correct t(24) = 2.37, p = .03Dual task: LVF bias LVF > RVF, *t*(15) = 2.84, *p* = .01 Single task: No bias

LVF > RVF, *t*(15) = 2.32, *p* = .04

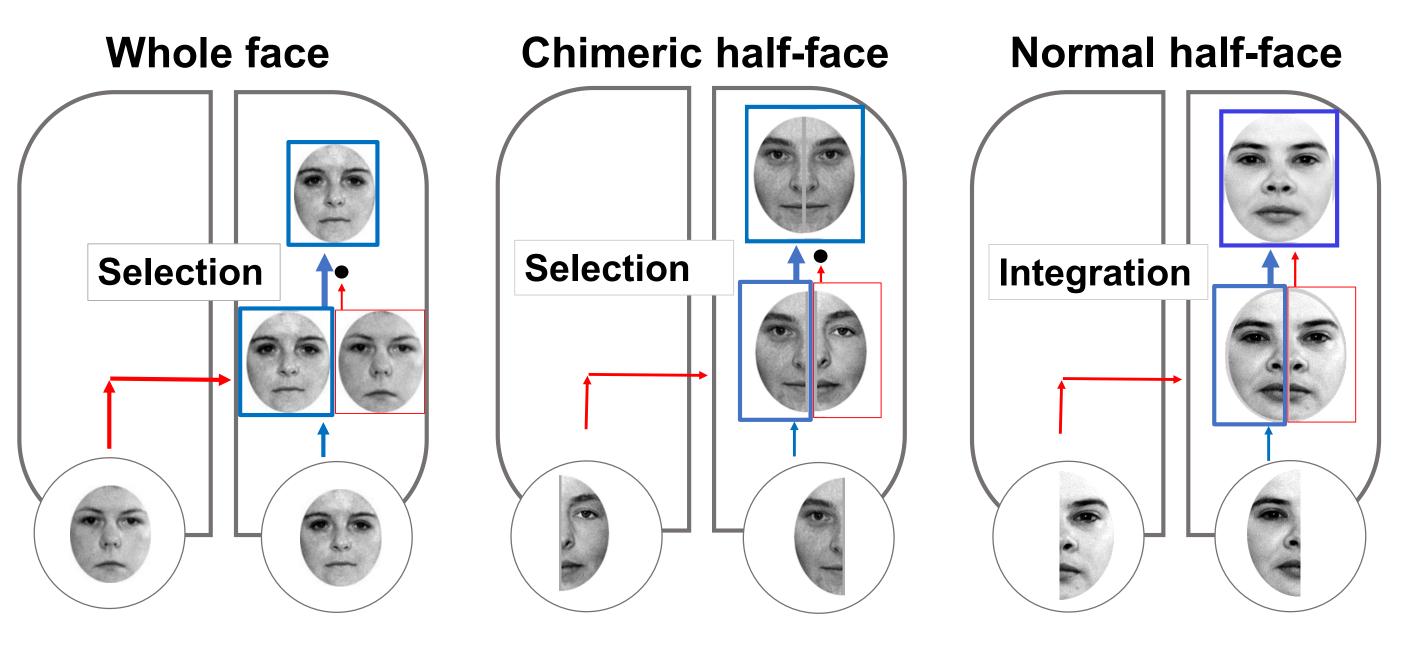
Whole face

Model fit: Serial Accuracy other side incorrect > accuracy other side correct t(15) = 2.20, p = .04Dual task: LVF bias LVF > RVF, *t*(15) = 2.84, *p* = .01 Single task: LVF bias LVF > RVF, *t*(15) = 2.32, *p* = .04

We predicted that selection would not single task conditions.



LVF bias does not reflect half-face selection.



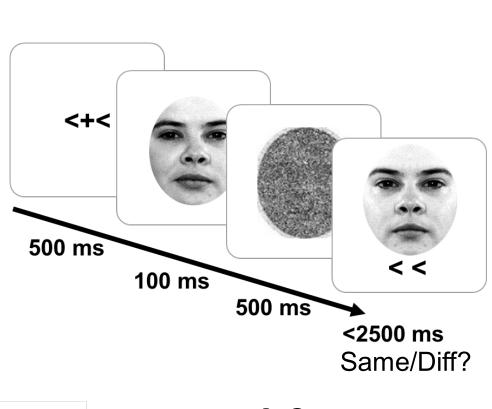
Selection for faces occurs at the level of *identity*.

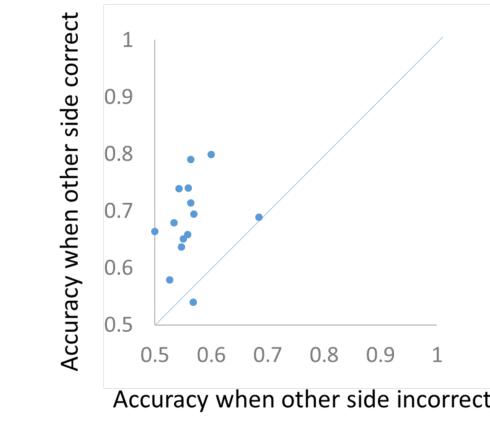
[1] Kanwisher, N., & Yovel, G. (2006). The fusiform face area: a cortical region specialized for the perception of faces. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London. Series B, Biological Sciences, 361(1476), 2109–2128. [2] Gilbert, C., & Bakan, P. (1973). Visual asymmetry in perception of faces. *Neuropsychologia*, 11(3), 355–362. [3] Harrison, M. T., & Strother, L. (2019). Does right hemisphere superiority sufficiently explain the left visual field advantage in face recognition? Attention, Perception, and Psychophysics. [4] White, A. L., Palmer, J., & Boynton, G. M. (2018). Evidence of Serial Processing in Visual Word Recognition. *Psychological* Science, 29(7), 1062–1071.

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Experiment 3

generalize to normal faces, and LVF bias would occur for dual task, but





Normal faces Model fit: Parallel Accuracy other side correct > accuracy other side incorrect *t*(15) = 6.15*, p* < .001 Dual task: LVF bias LVF > RVF, *t*(15) = 3.46, *p* = .004 Single task: LVF bias LVF > RVF, *t*(15) = 2.52, *p* = .03

- Parallel processing of normal face halves. Normal faces entail integration rather than selection (competition).
- LVF bias not due to selection.

Discussion

 Multiple identities compete for representation and entail selection (multiple faces, chimeric faces). • Normal faces have distinct halves which are integrated during holistic processing. Holistic processing (right hemisphere) \rightarrow LVF bias

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