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- task-relevant stimuli and suppresses distraction.
- sensory neurons according to behavioral goals.
- understood.
- attention task.



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# **Decoding Visual Spatial Attention Control**



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Fig. 4. MVPA classifier performance for visuo-topic ROIs vs behavior for both datasets. (A) Plot of percentage of variance explained by the principal components for UF dataset. (B) Plot of percentage of variance explained by the principal components for UCD dataset. (C) Scatter plot of classification accuracy vs behavioral efficiency for UF dataset. (D) Scatter plot of classification accuracy vs behavioral

### Summary

• How are attention control signals distributed in different visual cortical regions? How do they influence behavior? We addressed these questions by analyzing fMRI data from two experiments utilizing the same paradigm but conducted at two different sites using scanners from

Applying MVPA to single-trial, cue-evoked beta values to decode between two attentional states: attend left vs attend right, we found, consistent across two datasets, the

• Attention control signals are present in all visuo-topic ROIs, ranging from V1 to PHC.

 Decoding accuracy predicts behavioral performance, namely, higher decoding accuracy, better performance.

• Regions in the dorsal visual pathway appear to be more predictive of the attentional state than regions in the ventral visual pathway.

• Lower-order visual regions appear to be more predictive of the attentional state than higher-order