



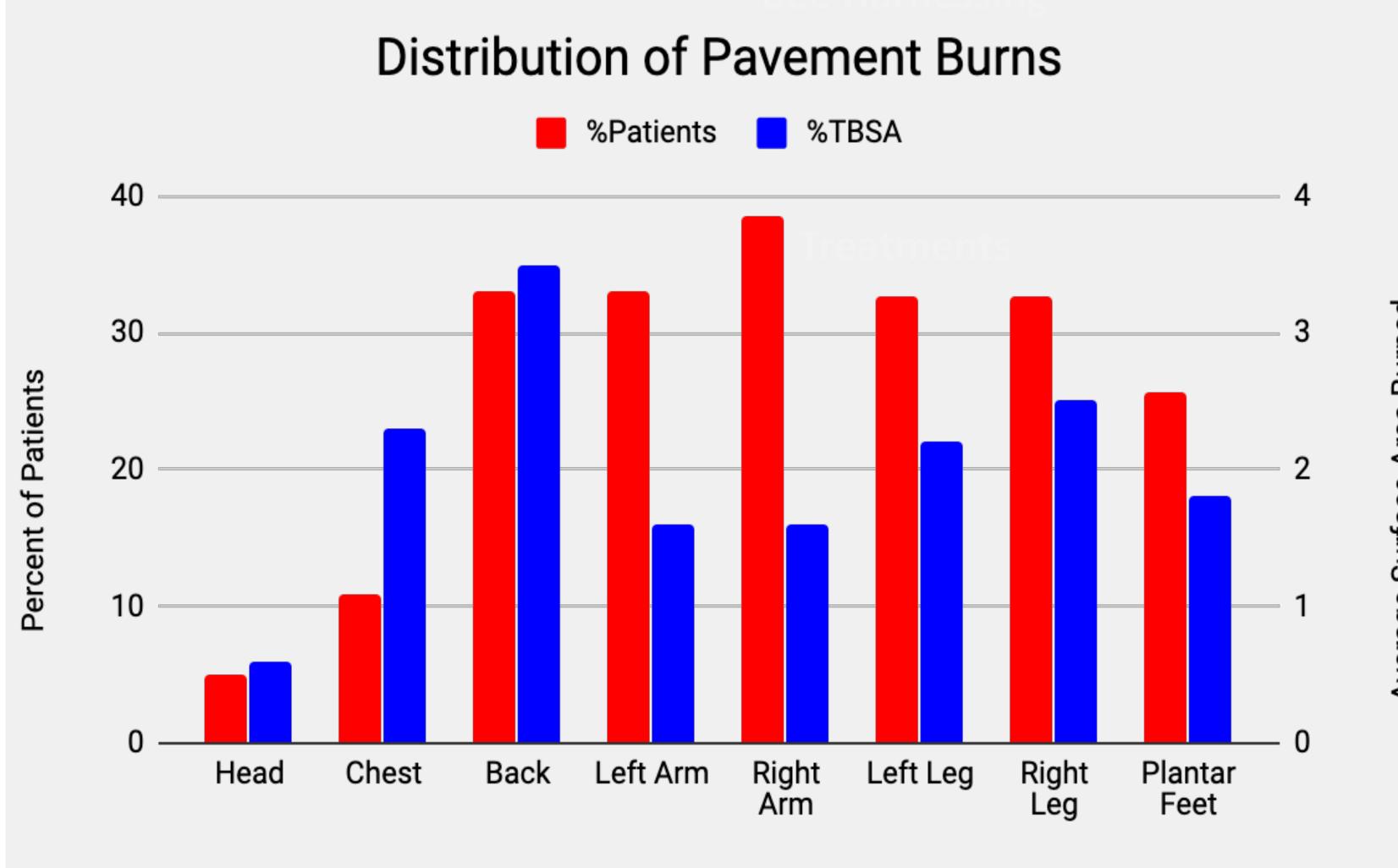
Significance

Pavement burns are a common and unique burn phenomenon in a desert climate, with little research on this topic. This data is useful for clinicians to learn mechanism and management of pavement burns, and to guide burn prevention in hot sunny climates.

Methods and Results

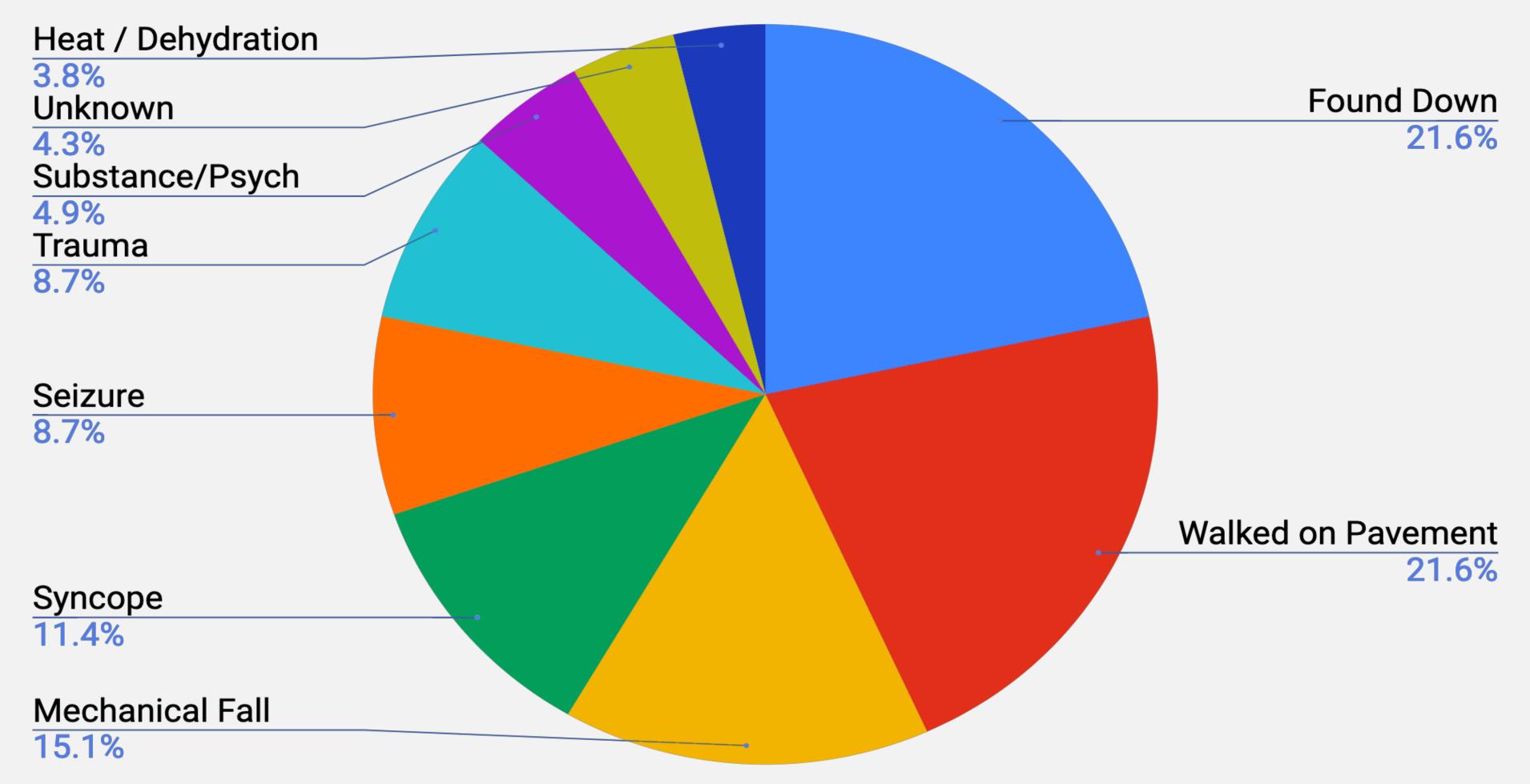
- Retrospective review of 185 patients who were admitted for pavement burns from 2014 to 2018
- 173 (94%) patients survived
- Most common mechanisms are Found Down and Walked on Pavement
- 30 (16%) patients were hyperthermic on presentation with an average temperature of 106° F
- 51% required burn excision and 36% required split thickness skin grafting
- **Comorbidities included:**
- Hypertension (32%)
- Diabetes (22%)
- Neuropathy (9%)
- Chronic kidney disease (5%)
- Coronary artery disease (2%)

Pavement Burns Treated at a Desert Burn Center: Analysis of Mechanisms and Outcomes Matthew Eisenberg BS¹, Paul Chestovich MD FACS^{1,2}, Syed Saquib MD FACS^{1,2} 1. University of Nevada, Las Vegas School of Medicine, 2. University Medical Center Lions Burn Care Center



Pavement Burn Location

Distribution of Mechanism



The authors have no conflicts of interest or relevant disclosures

Hospital LOS, days ICU LOS, days **TBSA (%) Excisional Debridement N (%) Split-thickness Grafting N (%)** Surgical Procedures, mean Hypertension N (%) **Diabetes N (%) Chronic Kidney Disease N (%)** Rhabdomyolysis N (%) **30-day Mortality N (%)**

> Survival rate for pavements burns are very high and most required operative intervention. Hyperthermic patients had a significantly higher 30 day mortality, TBSA and incidence of rhabdomyolysis.

There are a variety of etiologies that can cause pavement burns



	Hyperthermic (N=30)	Normothermic (N=155)	P Value
	18.7	17.5	0.395
	9.1	2.9	0.045
	10	4.6	<0.001
)	17 (57)	76 (49)	0.445
	11 (37)	55 (35)	0.901
	2.7	1.1	0.014
	8 (26.7)	52 (33.5)	0.461
	4 (14.3)	36 (23.2)	0.228
	3 (10)	7 (4.5)	0.224
	6 (20)	4 (2.6)	<0.001
	9 (30)	2 (1.3)	<0.001

Conclusion

Lessons Learned

Hyperthermia is an independent risk factor for poorer overall outcomes

Further review of hyperthermia patients can

provide insight on what measures can be taken to minimize the risks of complications.

Mechanisms indicate areas to target for injury prevention during hot summer desert months