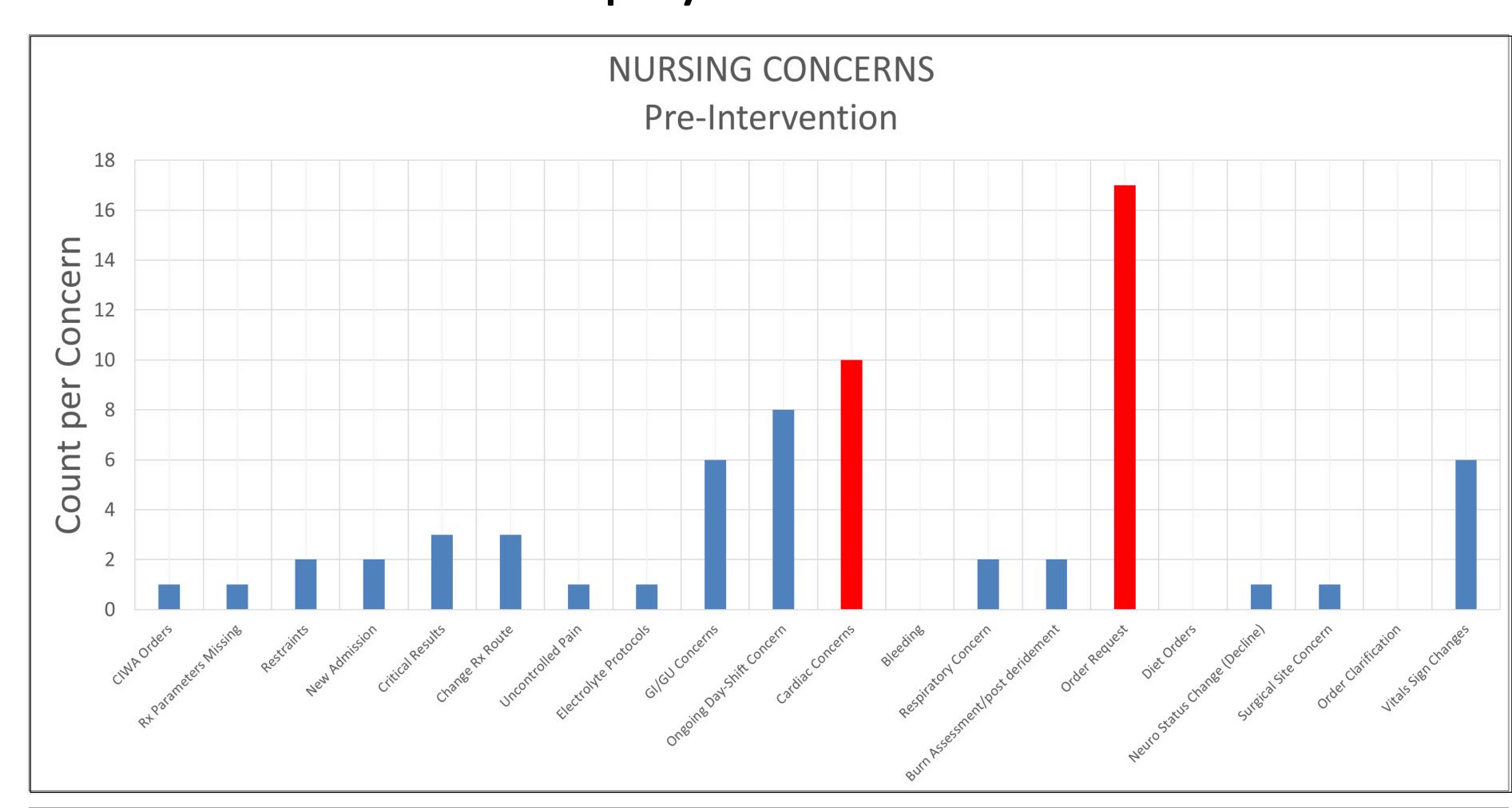


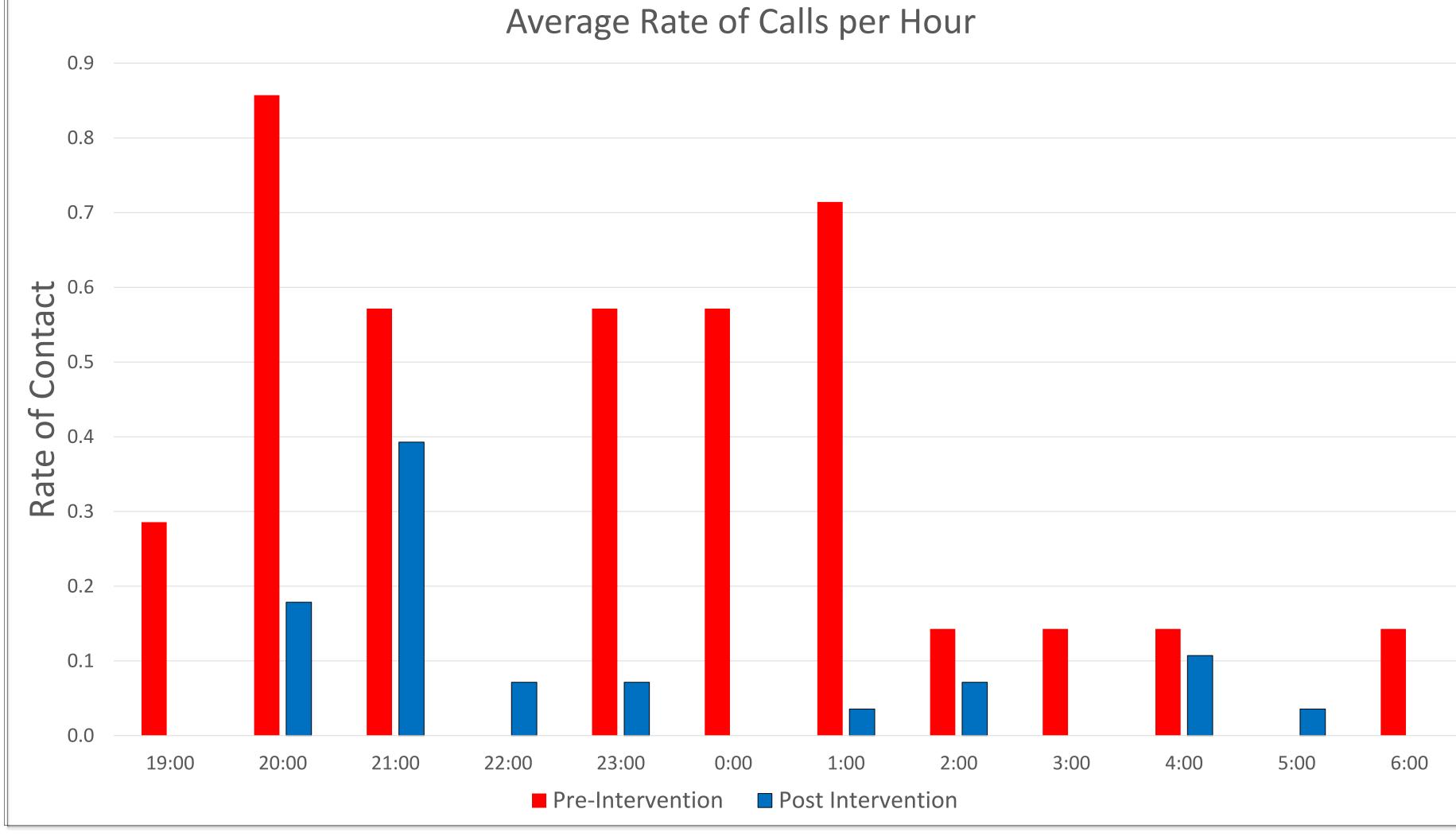
Reducing Burnout Related to Night Shift Calls to Physicians: A Process Improvement Project

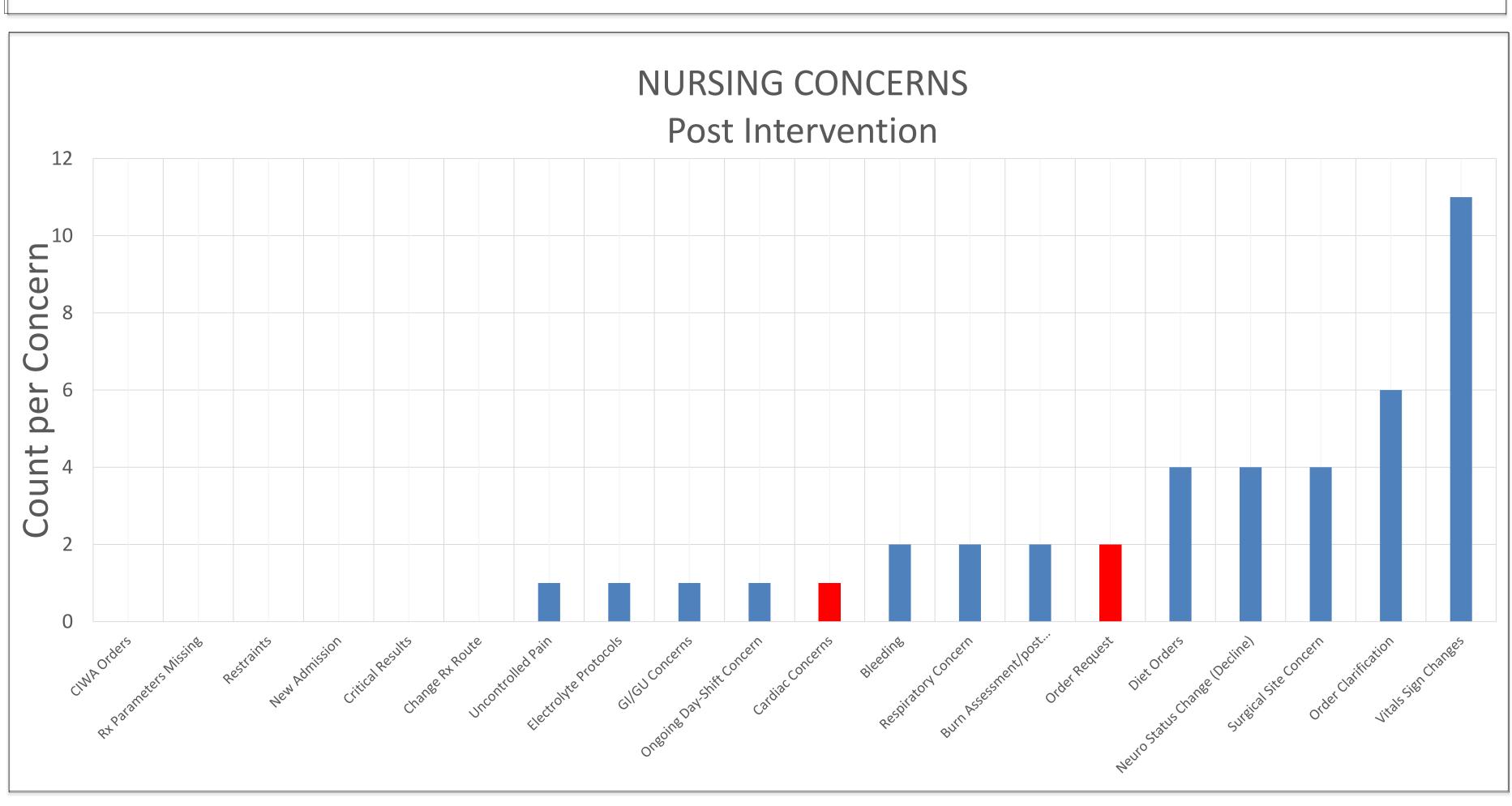


Conclusion

Prioritization education decreased calls to physicians at night, improving nurse and physician satisfaction







Significance Statement

The aim of this process improvement project was to reduce calls to physicians at night

Data Results

- 23 common "Nursing Concerns" were identified and cataloged
- Post-Intervention:
 - Average rate of calls per hour decreased from 0.31 to 0.09 overall
 - Urgent calls increased by 0.01%
 - Calls to Burn Team were reduced by 55%
 - Total "Nursing Concerns" decreased
 45.87%, from 10 to 5 overall
 - Non-urgent concerns decreased by 86%
 - Ideal rounding times 2100/0200

Lessons Learned

- Reprioritization resulted in proactive calls
- Nurses Reported:
 - Improved communication
 - Expedited response time
- Physicians Noted:
 - Decrease in nightshift calls
 - Satisfaction with the interventions instituted
- RNs & Physicians collaborated to initiate frequent patient rounding at ideal times
- Certain non-emergent "Nursing Concerns" can be deferred and addressed during daytime rounds